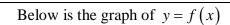
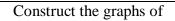
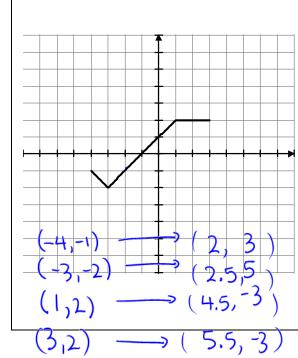
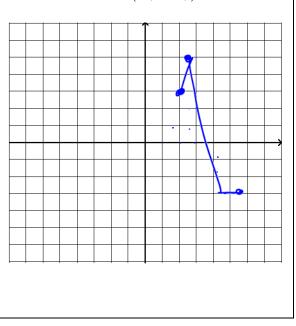
## Review warmup 1.5b

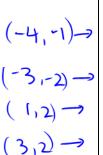


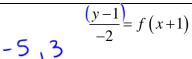


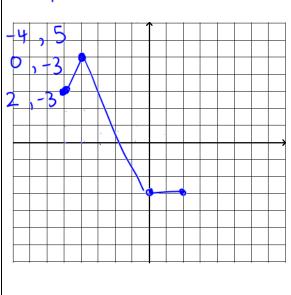
$$y = -2f(2(x-4))+1$$





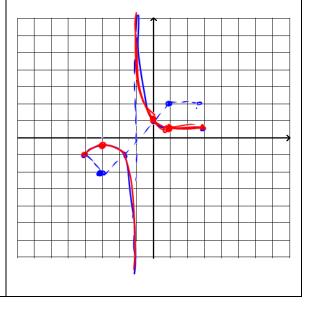






$$y = \frac{1}{f(x)}$$
(Review from last year)

(Review from last year)



- 2. Consider the function  $y = 2x^2 + 4x 3$ . Write the equation of the transformed function after:
  - a) a horizontal translation 2 units right, followed by a vertical translation 6 units up
    - $y = 2(x-2)^2 + 4(x-2) 3 + 6$
  - b) a horizontal expansion of 3, followed by a horizontal translation of 5 right, followed by a reflection in the y axis y = 2

$$\times \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}(x-5) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}(-x-5)$$

c) a reflection through the line y = x

$$X = 2y^2 + 4y - 3$$

- 3. The function y = f(x) has domain  $-6 \le x \le 5$  and range  $-8 \le y \le 4$ . Determine the domain and range for the following functions:
  - a) a reflection of the graph through the line y = x

a) a reflection of the graph undergrape with 
$$y = x$$
  
b)  $y = -f(x+2)+3$ 

domain 
$$-8 \le x \le 3$$
  $-1 \le y \le 11$ 

c) 
$$y = |f(x)|$$
  $-6 \le x \le 5$   
 $2y = f(.5x - 4)$   $-2$   
 $f(\frac{1}{2}x - 4)$   $-4 \le x \le 18$   
translation first

$$\begin{array}{c} -2 \\ -4 \le x \le 18 \\ \hline \text{hist} \end{array}$$

