

11.3B Warmup

1. Expand: $(2x - y)^4$

2. Express the expansion of $(2x - y)^4$ using combinations.

$a = 2x$
 $b = -y$
 $(a + b)^4$

$${}^4C_0 (a)^4 + {}^4C_1 a^3 b + {}^4C_2 a^2 b^2 + {}^4C_3 a b^3 + {}^4C_4 b^4$$

$${}^4C_0 (2x)^4 + {}^4C_1 (2x)^3 (-y) + {}^4C_2 (2x)^2 (-y)^2 + {}^4C_3 (2x) (-y)^3 + {}^4C_4 (-y)^4$$

3. Simplify: $(a + 2b)^3 - (a - 2b)^3$

4. How many terms are there in the expansion of $(2x - y)^{15}$?

5. What would the 10th term in the expansion of $(2x - y)^{15}$ be?

11.3B The Binomial Theorem

Visualizing – The Binomial Expansion of $(a + b)^4$

$$(a + b)^4 = {}_4C_0 a^4 b^0 + {}_4C_1 a^3 b^1 + {}_4C_2 a^2 b^2 + {}_4C_3 a^1 b^3 + {}_4C_4 a^0 b^4$$

\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow
 0 b's 1 b 2 b's 3 b's 4 b's
 Number of ways to choose this many b's from 4 factors of $(a + b)$

The Binomial Theorem (using combinations)

For any whole number n :

$$(a + b)^n = {}_n C_0 a^n b^0 + {}_n C_1 a^{n-1} b^1 + {}_n C_2 a^{n-2} b^2 + \dots + {}_n C_k a^{n-k} b^k + \dots + {}_n C_n a^0 b^n$$

1st term 2nd term 3rd term _____ term $(n+1)^{\text{th}}$ term

For this expansion the general term is: $t_{k+1} = \underline{{}_n C_k (a)^{n-k} (b)^k}$

Example 1: Write the first four terms of the binomial expansion of $(x + 2y)^{12}$.

<p>1st term</p> <p>$t_{k+1} = t_1$</p> <p>$k=0$</p> <p>$t_1 = {}_{12}C_0 (x)^{12-0} (2y)^0$</p>	<p>2nd term</p> <p>$k=1$</p> <p>${}_{12}C_1 (x)^{12-1} (2y)^1$</p>	<p>3rd term</p> <p>$k=2$</p> <p>${}_{12}C_2 (x)^{12-2} (2y)^2$</p>	<p>4th term</p> <p>$k=3$</p> <p>${}_{12}C_3 (x)^{12-3} (2y)^3$</p>
---	---	---	---

Example 2: Determine the 5th term in the expansion of $(x-3)^9$.

$k=4$

$$t_{k+1} = {}_n C_k (x)^{n-k} (y)^k$$

$$t_5 = {}_9 C_4 (x)^5 (-3)^4$$

Example 3 Find the coefficient on x^3 in the expansion of $(1 - 2x)^{12}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{k+1} &= {}^n C_k (1)^{n-k} (-2x)^k \\
 &= {}^{12} C_3 (1)^{12-3} (-2x)^3 \\
 &= 220 (1)^9 (-8x^3) \\
 &= -1760x^3
 \end{aligned}$$

Example 4 One term in the expansion of $(x + a)^8$ is $448x^6$. Determine the value of a .

$${}^n C_k (x)^{n-k} (a)^k = 448x^6$$

$$8 C_2 (x)^6 (a)^2 = 448x^6$$

$$28 x^6 \cdot a^2 = 448x^6$$

$$\boxed{28a^2} x^6 = \boxed{448} x^6$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 28a^2 &= 448 \\
 a^2 &= 16 \\
 \underline{\underline{a}} &= \underline{\underline{\pm 4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Example 5 The 4th term in the expansion of $(x - \frac{1}{2})^n$ is $-15x^7$. Determine n .

$$\begin{aligned}
 &{}^n C_k (x)^{n-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \\
 k=3 & \quad {}^n C_3 (x)^{\overset{n-3}{\quad}} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$n-3 = 7$$

$$\boxed{n = 10}$$

Example 6 Determine the constant term in the expansion of $(x^2 - \frac{1}{x})^6$

$${}^6 C_k (x^2)^{6-k} \left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)^k$$

$${}^6 C_4 (x^2)^2 \left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)^4$$

$$15 (\cancel{x^4}) \left(\frac{1}{\cancel{x^4}}\right)$$

constant term = 15

p542 #1-21

Combinatorics Review Warmup

1. How many arrangements of the letters in the word SCHOOLS are there if

a) there are no restrictions	b) the letter S must be at the end	c) the two O's must be together
------------------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------

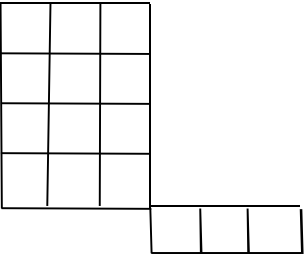
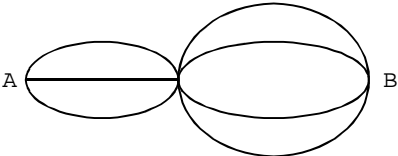
2. How many five card hands are possible from a standard 52 card deck

a) containing exactly 3 clubs	b) containing 2 jacks, 2 aces and one other card	c) containing exactly 4 red cards	d) containing at least 3 red cards
-------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------

3. Solve for n :

a) ${}_n P_2 = 56$	b) $\frac{n!}{80} = (n-1)!$	c) ${}_n C_2 = 28$
--------------------	-----------------------------	--------------------

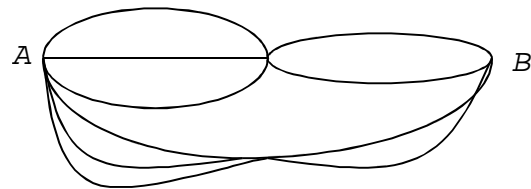
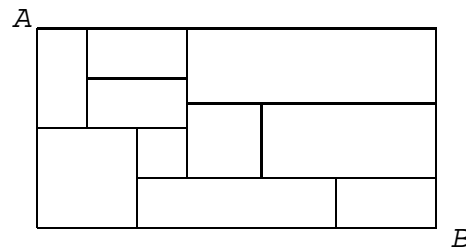
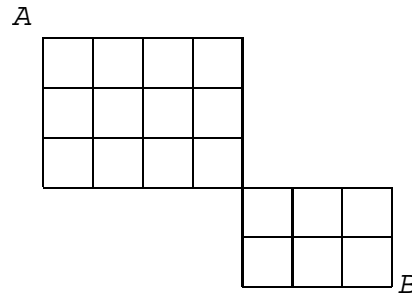
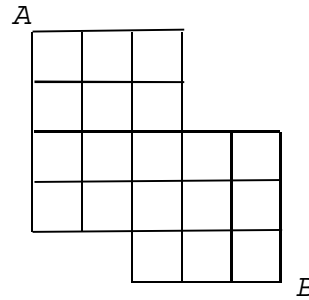
4. How many routes from A to B if you are always moving to get closer to B?

<p>A</p>  <p>B</p>		
---	---	--

Combinatorics Review

1. Simplify: $\frac{n(n+1)!}{(n-1)!}$
2. In the expansion of $(2a - 3b)^6$, find the coefficient of the term containing a^4b^2
3. Solve for n : $\frac{(n-1)!}{(n-3)!} = 30$
4. A coach must choose 3 out of 10 players for a tie-breaking penalty shot. If the coach must designate the order of the 3 players, how many arrangements are possible?
5. Determine the fourth term in the expansion $(x - 2y)^5$
6. Express ${}_{33}C_5$ in factorial notation
7. There are 10 boys and 20 girls in a class. How many committees of 3 are possible if a committee contains 1 boy and 2 girls?
8. How many ways can a committee of 3 people be selected from a class of 30? How many ways can an executive committee (Pres., Vice Pres, Secretary) be selected from this class?
9. A toy box has 5 different cars and 6 different trucks.
 - a) How many ways can 5 toys be chosen if there are 2 cars and 3 trucks?
 - b) How many ways can 5 toys be chosen if there are at least 3 cars?

10. Assuming that you are always moving closer to B , how many paths are there from A to B ?



11. What is the 5th number in the 27th row of Pascal's triangle?
12. Given TSAWWASSEN, how many permutations are there
 - a) without restrictions
 - b) if the first letter must be S
 - c) the three S's are together
13. Find the 7th term in the expansion $(3x - 2y)^{15}$

Combinatorics Review Warmup

1. How many arrangements of the letters in the word SCHOOLS are there if

a) there are no restrictions	b) the letter S must be at the end	c) the two O's must be together
------------------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------

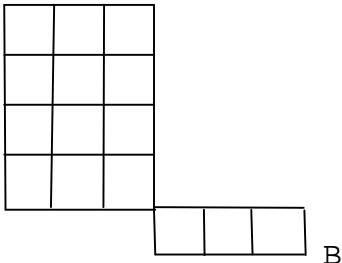
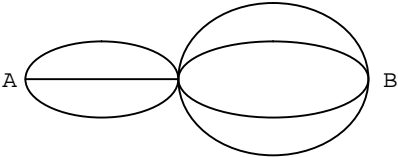
2. How many five card hands are possible from a standard 52 card deck

a) containing exactly 3 clubs	b) containing 2 jacks, 2 aces and one other card	c) containing exactly 4 red cards	d) containing at least 3 red cards
-------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------

3. Solve for n :

a) ${}_n P_2 = 56$	b) $\frac{n!}{80} = (n-1)!$	c) ${}_n C_2 = 28$
--------------------	-----------------------------	--------------------

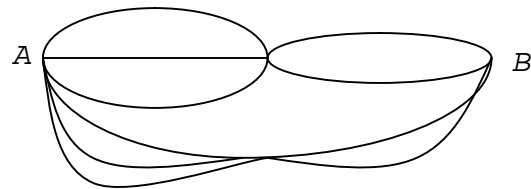
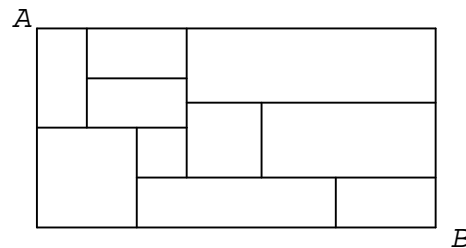
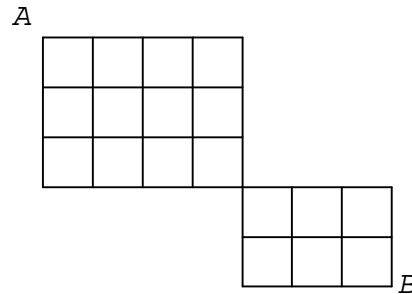
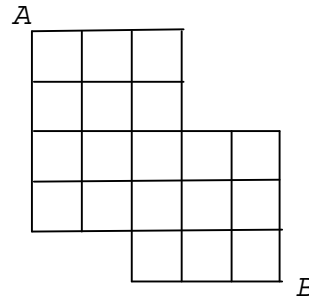
4. How many routes from A to B if you are always moving to get closer to B?

<p>A</p>  <p>B</p>		
---	---	--

Combinatorics Review

1. Simplify: $\frac{n(n+1)!}{(n-1)!}$
2. In the expansion of $(2a - 3b)^6$, find the coefficient of the term containing a^4b^2
3. Solve for n : $\frac{(n-1)!}{(n-3)!} = 30$
4. A coach must choose 3 out of 10 players for a tie-breaking penalty shot. If the coach must designate the order of the 3 players, how many arrangements are possible?
5. Determine the fourth term in the expansion $(x - 2y)^5$
6. Express ${}_{33}C_5$ in factorial notation
7. There are 10 boys and 20 girls in a class. How many committees of 3 are possible if a committee contains 1 boy and 2 girls?
8. How many ways can a committee of 3 people be selected from a class of 30? How many ways can an executive committee (Pres., Vice Pres, Secretary) be selected from this class?
9. A toy box has 5 different cars and 6 different trucks.
 - a) How many ways can 5 toys be chosen if there are 2 cars and 3 trucks?
 - b) How many ways can 5 toys be chosen if there are at least 3 cars?

10. Assuming that you are always moving closer to B , how many paths are there from A to B ?



11. What is the 5th number in the 27th row of Pascal's triangle?
12. Given TSAWWASSEN, how many permutations are there
 - a) without restrictions
 - b) if the first letter must be S
 - c) the three S's are together
13. Find the 7th term in the expansion $(3x - 2y)^{15}$

